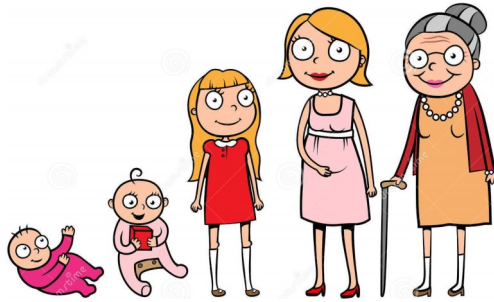


Year Two

Animals, including Humans



Key Learning

Animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults. In humans, and some animals, these offspring will be young, such as babies or kittens, that grow into adults. In other animals, such as chickens or insects, there may be eggs laid that hatch to young or other stages which then grow to adults. The young of some animals do not look like their parents e.g. tadpoles.

All animals, including humans, have the basic needs of feeding, drinking and breathing that must be satisfied in order to survive. To grow into healthy adults, they also need the right amounts and types of food and exercise.

Good hygiene is also important in preventing infections and illnesses.

Key vocabulary

Offspring, reproduction, growth, child, young/old stages (examples - chick/hen, baby/child/adult, caterpillar/butterfly), exercise, heartbeat, breathing, hygiene, germs, disease, food types (examples – meat, fish, vegetables, bread, rice, pasta)

Common misconceptions

Some children may think:

- an animal's habitat is like its 'home',
- all animals that live in the sea are fish,
- respiration is breathing,
- breathing is respiration..

